

Question 8

		€	€per unit)
(A)	Sales	720,000	12.00
	Less Variable Costs		
	Direct materials	288,000	
	Direct labour	144,000	
	Factory overheads (40%)	20,400	
	Sales commission (5% x 720,000)	<u>36,000</u>	<u>8.14</u>
	Contribution	231,600	3.86
	Less Fixed costs		
	Factory overheads (60%)	30,600	
	Administration expenses	96,000	
	Selling expenses (excluding commission)	<u>32,000</u>	<u>158,600</u>
	Net Profit	<u>73,000</u>	

$$(a) \quad \text{Break even point} = \frac{\text{Fixed Costs}}{\text{CPU}} = \frac{158,600}{3.86} = 41,089 \text{ units}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Margin of safety} &= \text{Sales} - \text{break even point} \\ &= 60,000 - 41,089 = 18,911 \text{ units} \end{aligned}$$

$$(b) \quad \frac{\text{Fixed costs}}{\text{Contribution} - 10\% \text{ of S.P.}} = \frac{158,600}{4.81 - 1.3} = 45,186 \text{ units}$$

(c) **Profit if selling price dropped to €11**

Sales	(80,000 x 11)	880,000
Less variable costs	(80,000 x 8.09)	<u>647,200</u>
Contribution		232,800
Less fixed costs	(158,600 + 10,000)	<u>168,600</u>
Profit		<u>41,200</u>

Question 8– continued

(B)

(a) Absorption Costing	€	€
Sales (6,000 x €6)		36,000 (1)
Less production cost of 8,000 units		
Direct materials (8,000 x 0.50)	4,000 (1)	
Direct labour (8,000 x 0.80)	6,400 (1)	
Variable overhead (8,000 x 0.50)	4,000 (1)	
Fixed overhead	<u>3,000 (1)</u>	
	17,400	
Less closing stock (1/4 of 17,400)	<u>(4,350) (1)</u>	<u>(13,050)</u>
Profit		<u><u>22,950</u></u>

Marginal costing

	€	€
Sales		36,000 (1)
Less production costs		
Direct materials	4,000 (1)	
Direct labour	6,400 (1)	
Variable overhead	<u>4,000 (1)</u>	
	14,400	
Less closing stock (1/4 of 14,400)	<u>(3,600)</u>	<u>(10,800)</u>
Contribution	(1)	25,200
Less fixed cost		<u>(3,000) (1)</u>
Profit		<u><u>22,200</u></u>

(b) (5)

There is a different profit figure because closing stock is valued differently. Marginal costing does **not** include fixed costs when costing a product whereas absorption costing does include the fixed costs. Therefore closing stock under marginal costing is valued lower than under absorption costing because a share of fixed costs is included in the value of stock under absorption costing but not included under marginal costing.

Under absorption costing, closing stock is valued at a ¼ of the production cost of 17,400
Under marginal costing, closing stock is valued at ¼ of the production cost of 14,400.

Closing stock -Absorption costing	4,350
Closing stock - Marginal costing	<u>(3,600)</u>
Difference	750

The profit difference is 22,950 – 22,200 = 750

Absorption costing should be used as it agrees with standard accounting practice and concepts and matches costs with revenues. (5)